IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

CODON DEVICES, INC., DUKE UNIVERSITY, and the MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY,)))
Plaintiffs, v.) C.A. No. 07-148 (***)
BLUE HERON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.,))
Defendant.	,

PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted. Accordingly, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), Codon Devices, Inc., Duke University, Massachusetts Institute Of Technology and Blue Heron Biotechnology, Inc. hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order ("Order"). The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as confidential. The parties further acknowledge that this Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal and that certain civil rules may set forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

1. This Protective Order shall apply to all information, documents, testimony, or other things subject to discovery in this action that contain proprietary, confidential, trade secret,

or commercially sensitive information, as well as any copies, excerpts, summaries, derivations or compilations of any of the foregoing contained in any pleadings, reports, discovery responses, correspondence, documents or things (collectively, "Discovery Material") – including any information, documents, testimony, or other things designated "CONFIDENTIAL" and/or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" under this protective order. As used herein, "Producing Party" shall refer to any party, including the parties to this action and non-parties, who disclose and/or produce any Discovery Material in this action. "Receiving Party" shall refer to the parties to this action who receive Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

- 2. Any party or non-party from whom discovery is sought in this action, and who is producing or disclosing Discovery Material may designate it as "CONFIDENTIAL" and/or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" pursuant to the terms set forth herein if it contains confidential, proprietary, trade secret, commercially sensitive or market-sensitive information.
- 3. In the absence of written permission from the Producing Party, Discovery Material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" pursuant to the terms of this Order:
- (a) Shall be protected from disclosure as specified herein, unless the Producing Party states in writing, or a party obtains an Order of the Court declaring, that all or certain portions of such Discovery Material are not, in fact, protected or should be subject to an alternative designation; and
 - (b) Shall be used only for purposes of this litigation.
- 4. A Producing Party may designate Discovery Material as "CONFIDENTIAL" if it comprises or includes confidential, proprietary, or business, financial, research, development or commercial information that the Producing Party would not normally reveal to third parties or

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would cause third parties to maintain in confidence. Discovery Material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" may be disclosed to:

- (a) The outside attorneys working on this action on behalf of any party, any paralegals and clerical employees of such attorneys, and any copying or other clerical litigation support services working at the direction of any of such attorneys, paralegals or clerical, employees; where the term "outside attorneys" means attorneys of the respective law firms which have entered appearances in this case;
- (b) Not more than three (3) representatives for Blue Heron Biotechnology, Inc. and not more than five (5) representatives for Codon Devices, Inc., Duke University and the Massachusetts Institute Of Technology, collectively, who are directors, officers or employees of the party, who may be but need not be in-house counsel for the party, and who shall be designated in writing by the party prior to any disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Materials to such person, and any paralegals and clerical employees who support the representatives; provided that each such representative has signed the acknowledgement form annexed hereto as Exhibit A agreeing to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order;
- (c) Any person not employed by a party who is specifically retained by any attorney described in Paragraph 4(a) to assist in preparation of this action for trial as a consultant or testimonial expert, with disclosure only to the extent necessary to perform such work; provided, however, that such person has signed the acknowledgement form annexed hereto as Exhibit A agreeing to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order, and provided that no unresolved objections to such disclosure exist after proper notice has been given to all parties as set forth in Paragraph 10(b), below;

- (d) Court reporters, stenographers and videographers retained to record testimony taken in this action;
 - (e) The Court, jury, and court personnel;
- (f) Graphics, translation, design and/or trial consulting services, including mock jurors, retained by a Party; and
 - (g) Any other person with the prior written consent of the Producing Party.
- 5. Any Discovery Materials that qualify as a trade secret, and that a Producing Party in good faith believes are confidential, proprietary and/or sensitive in nature such that the Producing Party reasonably believes that the disclosure of the Discovery Materials is likely to cause economic harm to the Producing Party, may be given a higher level of protection from disclosure and designated HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL. Discovery Material designated as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" may be disclosed only to:
- (a) The outside attorneys working on this action on behalf of any party, any paralegals and clerical employees of such outside attorneys, and any copy or other clerical litigation support services working at the direction of any of such outside attorneys, paralegals or clerical employees; where the term "outside attorneys" means attorneys of the respective law firms which have entered appearances in this case;
- (b) Any person not employed by a party who is expressly retained by any attorney described in Paragraph 5(a) to assist in preparation of this action for trial as a consultant or testimonial expert, with disclosure only to the extent necessary to perform such work; provided, however, that (i) such person has signed the acknowledgement form annexed hereto as Exhibit A agreeing to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order; (ii) such person is not involved in competitive decision making, *i.e.*, providing advice about or participating in any or

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all of the party's decisions (about pricing, product design, patent prosecution or similar subjects) made in light of similar or corresponding information about a competitor; and (iii) no unresolved objections to such disclosure exist after proper notice has been given to all parties as set forth in Paragraph 10(b) below;

- (c) Court reporters, stenographers and videographers retained to record testimony taken in this action;
 - (d) The Court, jury, and court personnel;
- (e) Graphics, translation, design and/or trial consulting services including mock jurors, retained by a Party; and
 - (f) Any other person with the prior written consent of the Producing Party.
- 6. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. Each party or non-party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of the Discovery Material that qualify so that other portions of the Discovery Material for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order. If it comes to a party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, that party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken identification.
- 7. The Producing Party may designate documents or other tangible Discovery Materials by placing the following legend on the document or thing: "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL". Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Protective Order, when the Producing Party is a non-party, any party to this action may designate (as

appropriate under the provisions of this Protective Order) any and all Discovery Materials produced by the non-party by sending a letter to all parties and the producing non-party notifying them of the party's designations.

- (a) Written discovery provided in paper, PDF, or TIFF form may be designated by placing the following legend on every page of the written material prior to production: "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL". Documents produced in native electronic format may be designated by embedding "CONF" (for "CONFIDENTIAL") or "H-CONF" (for "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL") in the file name of the document. In the event that original documents are produced for inspection, the Producing Party may produce the documents on a temporary "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" basis so long as such documents are redesignated as necessary by placing the appropriate legend on the documents in the copying process.
- (b) Parties or testifying persons may designate depositions and other testimony as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" by indicating on the record at the time the testimony is given or by sending written notice that the testimony is designated within thirty (30) days of receipt of the transcript of the testimony. All information disclosed during a deposition shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL" until the time within which it may be designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" has passed.
- 8. This Order shall not bar an outside attorney in the course of rendering advice to his client with respect to this litigation from conveying his evaluation of Discovery Material designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" produced or exchanged herein; provided, however, that in rendering such advice and otherwise communicating with his client, the attorney shall not disclose any such "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL"

Discovery Material produced by another party herein, which disclosure would be contrary to the terms of this Order.

Any person who reviews a document that has been designated as "HIGHLY 9. CONFIDENTIAL" at the time the person receives it is thereafter subject to a PATENT PROSECUTION BAR. Any person who becomes subject to the PATENT PROSECUTION BAR as set forth above shall not thereafter: (1) prosecute or prepare any patent that relates to DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY until one year following the entry of a final, non-appealable judgment or order or the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this action; or (2) have any substantive involvement in the prosecution or preparation of any patent applications that relate to DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY and that have been filed, or that claim priority from any application filed, prior to one year following the entry of a final non-appealable judgment or order or the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this action. For purposes of this paragraph DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY means confidential or proprietary technology disclosed by either party during this litigation that concerns mismatch repair enzymes and systems and purification, separation and/or detection of mismatched nucleic acid duplexes and non-mismatched duplexes for use in the preparation and manufacture of nucleic acids. As used in this paragraph, the prosecution or preparation of patents or patent applications means the following activities: preparation of and/or amendments to an original patent application, continuation, divisional, continuation-in-part, request for continued examination, reexamination, reissue, substitute. renewal, or convention applications relating to DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY; claim drafting for applications relating to DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY; and invention identification, invention evaluation and consulting, or the decision whether to file a patent application for an invention, insofar as such activities directly relate to patent prosecution

and the person is directly involved in the prosecution of patents relating to DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, the PATENT PROSECUTION BAR shall not bar any attorney from participating in the preparation and prosecution of any patents unless that attorney has reviewed documents or information designated as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL", even if other attorneys in the same law firm have reviewed such documents or information. If an attorney inadvertently reviews a document or information designated as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" and that attorney does not want to be subject to the PATENT PROSECUTION BAR, the attorney may request from the Producing Party a written waiver of the application of the PATENT PROSECUTION BAR. Upon receiving such a request, the Producing Party shall not unreasonably deny the request or withhold the waiver of the application of the PATENT PROSECUTION BAR to that attorney.

- 10. All persons receiving "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material are enjoined from disclosing it to any person, except in conformance with this Protective Order. Each individual who receives any "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material hereby agrees to be subject to the jurisdiction of this Court for the purpose of any proceedings relating to the performance under, compliance with or violation of this Protective Order.
- (a) Counsel who makes "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material available to persons set forth in Paragraphs 4 and/or 5 above shall be responsible for limiting distribution thereof to those persons authorized under this Protective Order. All copies of such Discovery Material disclosed shall be subject to the same restrictions imposed herein on original materials. Any person having access to such Discovery Material pursuant to Paragraphs 4 and/or 5 above, whose participation in this litigation has been

terminated or otherwise concluded, shall, at the Producing Party's election, either return or destroy all such Discovery Material as soon as practicably possible thereafter to the Receiving Party's counsel of record, but in no event longer than thirty (30) days after the termination or conclusion of the participation,

- (b) Before counsel for a Receiving Party may disclose any Discovery Material designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" to a person described in Paragraphs 4(b), 4(c), and/or 4(g), and/or Paragraphs 5(b) and/or 5(f), above, of this Protective Order:
- (i) counsel shall provide a copy of this Protective Order to such person, who shall sign the acknowledgement form annexed hereto as Exhibit A; and
- (ii) at least ten (10) business days before any such disclosure, counsel for the Receiving Party shall notify all counsel of record in writing of the intent to disclose "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material to such person. The notice shall include a copy of the acknowledgement form signed by the person and shall identify his or her title, job responsibilities and affiliation(s) with the Receiving Party. If the person is a consultant or testimonial expert described in Paragraphs 4(c) or 5(b) above, the notice shall also include a copy of such person's most recent curriculum vitae and a list that (A) discloses any previous or current relationship (personal or professional) with any of the parties; and (B) identifies all persons or entities for whom such person has performed professional services at any time during the preceding four years, including but not limited to services as a consulting or testifying expert.
- (iii) If any party objects to the disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material to such person, the party shall notify counsel

for the Receiving Party in writing of the party's objection(s) to such disclosure prior to the date on which the disclosure is intended to be made. Should the party intending to make the disclosure disagree with the basis for the objection(s), the parties must first attempt to resolve the objection(s) informally. If the informal efforts do not resolve the dispute within five (5) days, the party intending to disclose may file a motion requesting that the objection(s) be quashed after that five (5) day period has passed. Pending a ruling by the Court upon any such objection(s), the Discovery Material shall not be disclosed to the person objected to by the objecting party.

- (c) Counsel disclosing any Discovery Materials to a person required to execute a copy of the acknowledgement form annexed as Exhibit A shall maintain the original(s) of such form(s).
- Discovery Material is used in the taking of a deposition, all such Discovery Material shall remain subject to the provisions of this Protective Order, along with the transcript pages of the deposition testimony dealing with the such Discovery Material. If "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material is used in any deposition, the reporter shall be informed of this Protective Order and shall be required to operate in a manner consistent with this Protective Order. In the event the deposition is videotaped, the original and all copies of the videotape shall be marked by the video technician to indicate that the contents of the videotape are subject to this Protective Order, substantially as set forth below:

This videotape contains confidential testimony used in this case and is not to be viewed or the contents thereof to be displayed or revealed except by order of the Court, or pursuant to written stipulation of the parties.

12. The parties agree to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order with respect to any third party that produces confidential Discovery Material in this lawsuit under this Protective

Order. A party that seeks confidential Discovery Material from a third party shall provide a copy of this Protective Order to the third party upon request so that it may take advantage of the protections afforded by this Protective Order.

- 13. The recipients of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material provided under this Protective Order and all material that derives therefrom shall maintain such materials in a safe and secure area, and all reasonable precautions shall be taken with respect to the storage, custody, use and/or dissemination of such materials. Any "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material that is copied, reproduced, summarized, or abstracted shall be subject to the terms of this Protective Order.
- 14. Subject to any applicable civil local rule and any other overriding rules of this Court applicable to this action, any "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material filed with the Court shall be filed and kept by the Court under seal and shall be made available only to the Court and to persons authorized by the terms of this Protective Order. The party filing any paper that reflects, contains or includes any information or document subject to this Protective Order shall file such paper in a sealed envelope, or other appropriately sealed container, which shall indicate the title of the action, the party filing the materials, and the nature of the materials filed, and shall include the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" as appropriate, and a statement substantially in the following form:

This envelope contains documents subject to a Protective Order of the Court. It should not be opened or its contents disclosed, revealed or made public except by Order of the Court or agreement of the parties.

Nothing contained in this Protective Order shall be construed to prejudice any party's right to use Discovery Material at any hearing, trial or appeal in this litigation. The confidentiality of such materials shall be protected as determined and directed by the Court.

- 15. None of the provisions of this Protective Order shall apply to Discovery Material that was:
 - (a) available to the public at the time of its production hereunder;
- (b) available to the public after the time of its production through no unauthorized act, or failure to act, on behalf of the Receiving Party, its counsel, representatives or experts;
- (c) known to the Receiving Party or shown by the Receiving Party to have been independently developed by the Receiving Party prior to its production herein or without use or benefit of the information;
- (d) obtained outside of this action by the Receiving Party from the Producing Party without having been designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" provided, however, that this provision does not negate any pre-existing obligation of confidentiality;
- (e) obtained by the Receiving Party after the time of disclosure hereunder from a non-party having the right to disclose the same; or
- (f) previously produced, disclosed and/or provided by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party or a non-party without an obligation of confidentiality and not by inadvertence or mistake.

If the Receiving Party believes that Discovery Material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" falls within one or more of the categories described above and the Receiving Party wishes to treat the Discovery Material as non-confidential, then the Receiving Party shall so notify the Producing Party, and the parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the issue. The Producing Party shall have a period of

fourteen (14) calendar days from the date it receives such notice from the Receiving Party within which to seek an order from the Court affirming its designation if the parties are unable to resolve the issue. If the Producing Party seeks an order from the Court, the Receiving party shall not treat the discovery material as non-confidential until the Court has resolved the issue.

- 16. The inadvertent production of Discovery Material subject to the attorney-client privilege or the attorney work-product privilege will not waive the attorney client privilege or the attorney work-product privilege. Upon a request from a party which has inadvertently produced Discovery Material which it believes should be subject to the attorney-client or attorney work-product privilege, each party receiving said Discovery Material shall immediately return it and all copies to the Producing Party. Nothing herein shall prevent the Receiving Party from preparing a record for its own use containing the date, author, recipients, addresses, and title of the Discovery Material as is reasonably necessary to identify the Discovery Material and describe its nature to the Court in any motion to compel production of the Discovery Material.
- 17. The inadvertent failure by a Producing Party to designate Discovery Material as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" shall not waive any such designation provided that the Producing Party notifies all Receiving Parties that such Discovery Material is "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" within ten (10) days from when the failure to designate first became known to the Producing Party. A Receiving Party shall not be in breach of this Order for any use of such Discovery Material before the Receiving Party receives notice of the inadvertent failure to designate. Once a Receiving Party has received notice of the inadvertent failure to designate pursuant to this provision, the Receiving Party shall treat such Discovery Material at the appropriately designated level pursuant to the terms of this Protective Order.

- 18. In the event of a disclosure of any Discovery Material designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" to a person or persons not authorized to receive such disclosure under this Protective Order, the party responsible for having made such disclosure, and each party with knowledge thereof, shall immediately notify counsel for the party whose Discovery Material has been disclosed and provide to such counsel all known relevant information concerning the nature and circumstances of the disclosure. The responsible disclosing party shall also promptly take all reasonable measures to retrieve the improperly disclosed Discovery Material and to ensure that no further or greater unauthorized disclosure and/or use thereof is made.
- 19. A testifying expert shall not be subject to discovery on any draft of his or her report in this case that was written by the testifying expert or his or her staff and such draft reports, notes or outlines for draft reports developed and drafted by the testifying expert and/or his or her staff are also exempt from discovery.
- 20. Discovery of materials provided to testifying experts shall be limited to those materials, facts, consulting expert opinions, and other matters considered or actually relied upon by the testifying expert in forming his final report, trial or deposition testimony or any opinion in this case. No discovery can be taken from any consulting expert except to the extent that consulting expert has provided information, opinions or other materials to a testifying expert, who then relies upon such information, opinions or other materials in forming his final report, trial or deposition testimony or any opinion in this case.
- 21. No conversations or communications between counsel and any consulting expert will be subject to discovery unless those conversations or communications are relied upon by a

testifying expert in formulating opinions that are presented in reports or trial or deposition testimony by the testifying expert in this case.

- 22. Materials, communications and other information exempt from discovery under the foregoing Paragraphs shall be treated as attorney-work product for the purposes of this litigation and protective order.
- 23. Not later than ninety (90) days after the final disposition of this litigation, (including after any appeals), each party shall, at the Producing Party's election, either return all "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material of a Producing Party to the respective outside counsel of the Producing Party, or destroy such Discovery Material. All parties that have received any such Discovery Material shall certify in writing that all such "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Discovery Material has been returned or destroyed. Notwithstanding the provisions for return or destruction of Discovery Material, outside counsel may retain pleadings and attorney and consultant work product for archival purposes.
- 24. Any Discovery Material produced prior to entry of this Protective Order shall be re-designated or retroactively designated by notice in writing of the designated class of each Discovery Material by Bates number within sixty (60) days of entry of this Order. Furthermore, a Receiving Party may at any time request that the Producing Party cancel or modify the designation with respect to any Discovery Material. A party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation of Discovery Material as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" at the time the designation is made, and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto. Such a challenge shall be written, shall be served on counsel for the Producing Party, and shall particularly identify the documents or information that the

Receiving Party contends should be differently designated and the grounds for the objection.

Thereafter, further protection of such material shall be resolved in accordance with the following procedures:

- (a) The objecting party shall have the burden of conferring either in person, in writing or by telephone with the Producing Party claiming protection (as well as any other interested party) in a good faith effort to resolve the dispute. The designating party shall have the burden of justifying the disputed designation;
- (b) Failing agreement, the objecting party may bring a motion to the Court for a ruling that the Discovery Material in question is not entitled to the status and protection of the Producing Party's designation. The parties' entry into this stipulated order shall not preclude or prejudice either party from arguing for or against any designation, establish any presumption that a particular designation is valid, or alter the burden of proof that would otherwise apply in a dispute over discovery or disclosure of information.

Notwithstanding any challenge to a designation, the Discovery Material in question designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" shall continue to be treated as such under this Protective Order until one of the following occurs: (a) the party who designated the Discovery Material in question as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" withdraws such designation in writing; or (b) the Court rules that the Discovery Material in question is not entitled to the designation.

25. If Discovery Material sought by a Receiving Party is subject to a confidentiality obligation of the Producing Party to a third party that prohibits disclosure of the Discovery Material, the Producing Party shall (1) request permission from such third party to produce the requested Discovery Material within fourteen (14) calendar days from the date on which the

Producing Party first becomes aware of such Discovery Material; (2) shall provide a copy of this Protective Order to the third party; and (3) shall notify the Receiving Party of the Producing Party's request for permission to the third party and the date on which it made the request. If the Producing Party does not produce the requested Discovery Material within fourteen (14) calendar days of that request to the third party, the Producing Party shall immediately notify the Receiving Party of the status of the third party's response to the request and shall provide the Receiving Party with a description of the Discovery Material that includes as much information as reasonably possible without violating the Producing Party's confidentiality obligation to the third party, and sufficient that the parties can meet and confer in an effort to resolve the issue. If the parties are unable to resolve the issue within fourteen (14) calendar days of the Producing Party providing notice to the Receiving Party of the status of the third party's response, then the parties will jointly present the dispute to the Court, preferably by arranging a telephone conference, but in whatever manner the Court prefers. The Producing Party shall invite the third party to participate in any hearing or in the telephone conference with the Court. The Court may review the third party's Discovery Material in camera in order to resolve the dispute. The Producing Party is not required to produce such Discovery Material unless and until the third party provides consent or the Court rules that the requested Discovery Material should be produced.

26. This Protective Order is entered without prejudice to the right of any party to seek further or additional protection of any Discovery Material or to modify this Protective Order in any way. Nothing in this Protective Order shall be deemed to bar or preclude any Producing Party from seeking such additional protection, including, without limitation, an order that certain matter not be produced at all.

- 27. If at any time Discovery Material is subpoenaed by any court, arbitral, administrative or legislative body, the person to whom the subpoena or other request is directed shall immediately give written notice thereof to every party who has produced such Discovery Material and to its counsel and shall provide each such party with an opportunity to object to the production of confidential materials. If a Producing Party does not move for a protective order within ten (10) days of the date written notice is given, the party to whom the referenced subpoena is directed may produce such Discovery Material in response thereto.
- 28. Nothing in this Protective Order shall preclude any party to this lawsuit or its attorneys (a) from showing Discovery Material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" to an individual who either prepared the Discovery Material or reviewed it prior to the filing of this action, or (b) from disclosing or using, in any manner or for any purpose, its own Discovery Material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL". Notwithstanding any designation of Discovery Material by a Producing Party under this Order, any witness may be shown at a deposition or in an interview, and examined on, any Discovery Material produced by the witness' current or former employer or that the witness authored or previously received. The witness may also be shown at a deposition or interview, and examined on, any Discovery Material for which documentary or testimonial evidence indicates: (i) that the Discovery Material was communicated to or from the witness; or (ii) that the witness was involved in the matter(s) addressed in the Discovery Material, or if the Producing Party of the Discovery Material agrees.
- 29. The parties agree that the terms of this Protective Order shall survive and remain in effect after the termination of the above-captioned matter. The Court shall retain jurisdiction

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after termination of this matter to hear and resolve any disputes arising out of this Protective

Order.

30. This Order shall be binding upon the parties hereto, their attorneys, and their

successors, executors, personal representatives, administrators, heirs, legal representatives,

assigns, subsidiaries, divisions, employees, agents, retained consultants and experts, and any

persons or organizations over which they have direct control.

31. Execution of this Protective Order shall not constitute a waiver of the right of any

party to claim in this action or otherwise that any Discovery Material, or any portion thereof, is

privileged or otherwise non-discoverable, or is not admissible in evidence in this action or any

other proceeding.

32. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary above, nothing in this Protective Order

shall be construed to change the burdens of proof or legal standards applicable in disputes

regarding whether particular Discovery Material is confidential, which level of confidentiality is

appropriate, whether disclosure should be restricted, and if so, what restrictions should apply.

DATED: August _____, 2007

SO ORDERED:

THE HONORABLE MARY PAT THYNGE U.S. DISTRICT COURT MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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PRESENTED BY:

August 17, 2007

Of Counsel:

Edward R. Reines Nicholas A. Brown Rip J. Finst WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP 201 Redwood Shores Parkway Redwood Shores, CA 94065 (650) 802-3000

August 17, 2007

Of Counsel:

Patricia Thayer HELLER EHRMAN LLP 333 Bush Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 772-6794

Kalai Lau HELLER EHRMAN LLP 701 Fifth Avenue Suite 6100 Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 447-0900

Nishita Doshi HELLER EHRMAN LLP 275 Middlefield Road Menlo Park, CA 94025 (650) 324-7000 MORRIS, NICHOLS, ARSHT & TUNNELL LLP

/s/ Jack B. Blumenfeld

Jack B. Blumenfeld (#1014) Leslie A. Polizoti (#4299) 1201 North Market Street P.O. Box 1347 Wilmington, DE 19899-1347 (302) 658-9200 jblumenfeld@mnat.com lpolizoti@mnat.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs
Codon Devices, Inc., Duke University
and Massachusetts Institute of Technology

POTTER ANDERSON & CORROON, LLP

/s/Richard L. Horwitz
Richard L. Horwitz (#2246)
David Ellis Moore (#3983)
1313 North Market Street
Sixth Floor
P. O. Box 951
Wilmington, DE 19899-0951
(302) 984-6000
rhorwitz@potteranderson.com
dmoore@potteranderson.com

Attorneys for Defendant,
Blue Heron Biotechnology, Inc.

EXHIBIT A

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

CODON DEVICES, INC., DUKE UNIVERSITY, and the MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY,)	
Plaintiffs,)))	C.A. No. 07-148 (***)
v.)	
BLUE HERON BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.,)	
Defendant.)	

EXHIBIT A TO PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS

(Undertaking By Individuals Designated Under Paragraphs 4 and/or 5)

I,		, state the following:
1.	[If applicable] I have been retained by	[party]
to serve as an exper	t or consultant in the above-captioned action.	

- 2. I have read and understand the Protective Order ("Order") to which this Exhibit A is annexed and I attest to my understanding that access to material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" may be provided to me and that such access shall be pursuant to the terms and conditions and restrictions of the Order. I agree to be bound by the terms of the Order and to be subject to the Court's jurisdiction, both with respect to this Court's powers of supervision of the litigation of the above-captioned action and contractually to any designating party, which I acknowledge to be an expressly intended beneficiary of the undertakings I give in this Confidentiality Agreement and Undertaking.
- 3. I shall not disclose or reveal to anyone except the Court and the parties any confidential information given to me designated under the terms of the Order.

4. I shall not use nor disclose any designated material to others, except for purposes of providing my consulting and/or testifying expertise in this action and then solely in accordance with the Order. I understand that counsel for the designating party shall then have seven (7) calendar days from receipt of my written notice to inform me whether the designating party objects to my engagement. Nothing in this Exhibit A shall prevent me from using otherwise legally obtained information. I also understand that, in the event that I fail to abide by the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement or the Order, I shall be subject to sanctions by way of contempt of court, and to separate legal and equitable recourse by the adversely affected designating party.

Signature	
Printed Name	
-	
Address	